The coaching tool is for teachers, and those who support teachers, to build understanding and experience with Common Core State Standards (CCSS) aligned instruction. Designed as a developmental tool, it can be used for planning, reflection, collaboration, and coaching. The three Shifts in instruction for ELA / Literacy provide the framing for this tool.

1. Regular practice with complex text and its academic language.
2. Reading, writing, and speaking grounded in evidence from text, both literary and informational.
3. Building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction.

The guide provides examples of what implementing the CCSS for English Language Arts and Literacy in grades K—2 look like in daily planning and practice. It is organized around three Core Actions which encompass the Shifts and instructional practice. Each Core Action consists of individual indicators which describe teacher and student behaviors that exemplify Common Core aligned instruction.

The Core Actions and indicators should be evident in planning and observable in instruction. For each lesson evidence might include a lesson plan, exercises, tasks and assessments, teacher instruction, student discussion and behavior, and student work. Although many indicators will be observable during the course of a lesson, there may be times when a lesson is appropriately focused on a smaller set of objectives or only a portion of a lesson is observed, leaving some indicators blank. In K—2, for example, the lesson might focus only on foundational reading or reading comprehension or writing. Any particular focus should be communicated between teacher and observer before using the tool. Refer to the CCSS Standards for English Language Arts and Literacy (corestandards.org/ELA-Literacy) as necessary.

Companion tools for Instructional Practice include:
- Instructional Practice Guide: Coaching (Digital)- a digital version of this print tool, view at achievethecore.org/coaching-tool.
- Instructional Practice Guide: Lesson Planning- designed for teachers to support them in creating lessons aligned to the CCSS, view at achievethecore.org/lesson-planning-tool.

1. Refer to Common Core Shifts at a Glance (achievethecore.org/ELALitShifts) and the K—2 Publishers’ Criteria for the Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts and Literacy (achievethecore.org/publisherscriteria) for additional information about the Shifts required by the CCSS.
SUMMARY OF CORE ACTIONS

Core Action 1
for Reading/Listening Comprehension
Focus each lesson on a high-quality text (or multiple texts).

Indicators
A. A majority of the lesson is spent listening to, reading, writing, or speaking about text(s).
B. The text(s) are above the complexity level expected for the grade and time in the school year.
C. The text(s) exhibit exceptional craft and thought and/or provide useful information, where appropriate the texts are richly illustrated.

Core Action 2
Employ questions and tasks, both oral and written, that are text specific and reflect the standards.

Indicators
A. Questions and tasks address the text by attending to its particular structure, concepts, ideas, events and details.
B. Questions and tasks require students to use evidence from text to demonstrate understanding and to support their ideas about the text. These ideas are expressed through a variety of means (e.g. drawing, writing, dramatic play, speaking).
C. Questions and tasks attend to the words, phrases and sentences within the text.
D. Questions are sequenced to build knowledge by guiding students to delve deeper into text and graphics.

Core Action 3
Provide all students with opportunities to engage in the work of the lesson.

Indicators
A. The teacher keeps all students persevering with challenging tasks.
   Students habitually display persistence with challenging tasks, particularly when providing textual evidence to support answers and responses, both orally and in writing.
B. The teacher encourages reasoning and problem solving by posing challenging questions and tasks that offer opportunities for productive struggle.
   Students persevere in solving questions and tasks in the face of initial difficulty.
C. The teacher guides students to read with purpose and understanding by making frequent connections between acquisition of foundational skills and making meaning from reading.
   Students demonstrate comprehension while developing foundational skills in reading.
D. The teacher demonstrates awareness and appropriate action regarding the variations present in student progress toward reading independently.
   When appropriate, students demonstrate progress toward independence in reading and writing.
E. The teacher focuses on explicitly and systematically strengthening students’ reading foundational skills.
   Students demonstrate use of language conventions and decoding skills, activating such strategies as needed to read, write, and speak with grade level fluency and skill.

Core Action 1
for Foundational Skills
Ensure that instruction and materials explicitly and systematically provide all students with the opportunity to master foundational skills.

Indicators
A. The foundational skills being taught are aligned to the standards for this grade.
B. Instruction and materials address foundational skills by attending to phonological awareness, concepts of print, letter recognition, phonetic patterns and word structure. (Note: not all elements will be addressed in each lesson.)
C. Instruction and materials provide sufficient opportunities for all students to practice reading and writing newly acquired foundational skills.
D. Instruction and materials connect acquisition of foundational skills to making meaning from reading.
E. Instruction and materials provide opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding of the skills being taught through frequent monitoring of student progress.
The following pages are provided as a space to record questions, comments, and observations of teacher and student interaction. These notes and related materials (e.g., lesson plan, exercises, tasks and assessments, and student work) will be the basis for the evidence needed to support the ratings for each indicator of the Core Actions on the pages that follow.
NOTES

The following pages are provided as a space to record questions, comments, and observations of teacher and student interaction. These notes and related materials (e.g., lesson plan, exercises, tasks and assessments, and student work) will be the basis for the evidence needed to support the ratings for each indicator of the Core Actions on the pages that follow.
This guide includes two independent sections: Core Action 1 for Reading/Listening Comprehension and Core Action 1 for Reading Foundational Skills. Use the appropriate section based on the lesson being taught; it is not expected that both a reading foundational skills lesson and a reading comprehension lesson would be observable during each ELA or Literacy lesson. When observing only a portion of either type of lesson, some indicators may be appropriately left blank.

For each indicator, circle the appropriate rating based on what was observed during the lesson. Provide specific evidence to support the rating. Refer to questions, comments, and observations recorded in the preceding notes section.

Core Action 1 for Reading/Listening Comprehension
Focus each lesson on a high-quality text (or multiple texts).

Indicators

A. A majority of the lesson is spent listening to, reading, writing, or speaking about text(s).

Yes The lesson is focused on a text or multiple texts.

No There is no text under consideration in this lesson.

B. The text(s) are above the complexity level expected for the grade and time in the school year.

Yes The text(s) are above both the qualitative and quantitative complexity expected for the grade and time in the school year.

No The text(s) are below both the qualitative and quantitative complexity expected for the grade and time in the school year.

C. The text(s) exhibit exceptional craft and thought and/or provide useful information; where appropriate the texts are richly illustrated.

Yes The quality of the text(s) is high – they are well written and/or provide useful information.

No The quality of the text(s) is low – they are poorly written or do not provide useful information.

2. Intended for texts read aloud by the teacher in grades K – 2. Evaluations of text complexity are only applicable to student reading materials beginning in grade 2. Refer to achievethecore.org/ela-literacy-common-core/text-complexity/ for resources to help analyze the complexity of texts.
Core Action 1 for Foundational Skills

Ensure that instruction and materials explicitly and systematically provide all students with the opportunity to master foundational skills.

Indicators

A. The foundational skills being taught are aligned to the standards for this grade.

- **Yes**: Foundational skills addressed fully align with the standards for the grade.
- **No**: Foundational skills addressed do not align with the standards for the grade.
- **Not Observed**.

B. Instruction and materials address foundational skills by attending to phonological awareness, concepts of print, letter recognition, phonetic patterns and word structure. (Note: not all elements will be addressed in each lesson.)

- **Yes**: Instruction and materials address appropriate foundational skills for the grade.
- **No**: Instruction and materials do not address appropriate foundational skills for the grade.
- **Not Observed**.

C. Instruction and materials provide sufficient opportunities for all students to practice reading and writing newly acquired foundational skills.

- **4**: Instruction and materials provide continuous opportunity to practice reading and writing newly acquired foundational skills for the range of students in the classroom.
- **3**: Instruction and materials provide many opportunities to practice reading and writing newly acquired foundational skills for the range of students in the classroom.
- **2**: Instruction and materials provide few opportunities to practice reading and writing newly acquired foundational skills for the range of students in the classroom.
- **1**: Instruction and materials do not provide opportunity to practice reading and writing newly acquired foundational skills for the range of students in the classroom.
- **Not Observed**.
Core Action 1 for Foundational Skills (continued)

Ensure that instruction and materials explicitly and systematically provide all students with the opportunity to master foundational skills.

Indicators

D. Instruction and materials connect acquisition of foundational skills to making meaning from reading.

1. Instruction and materials do not connect foundational skills to making meaning from reading.

2. Instruction and materials rarely connect foundational skills to making meaning from reading.

3. Instruction and materials sometimes connect foundational skills to making meaning from reading.

4. Instruction and materials consistently connect foundational skills to making meaning from reading.

E. Instruction and materials provide opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding of the skills being taught through frequent monitoring of student progress.

1. Instruction and materials do not monitor and respond flexibly to student progress.

2. Instruction and materials rarely monitor and respond flexibly to student progress.

3. Instruction and materials sometimes monitor and respond flexibly to student progress.

4. Instruction and materials consistently monitor and respond flexibly to student progress.

Not Observed.
Core Action 2
Employ questions and tasks, both oral and written, that are text specific and reflect the standards.

Indicators

A. Questions and tasks address the text by attending to its particular structure, concepts, ideas, events and details.

1. Questions and tasks do not refer to the text.
2. Few questions and tasks return students to the text to build understanding.
3. Many questions and tasks return students to the text to build understanding.
4. Most questions and tasks return students to the text to build understanding.

Not Observed.

B. Questions and tasks require students to use evidence from text to demonstrate understanding and to support their ideas about the text. These ideas are expressed through a variety of means (e.g. drawing, writing, dramatic play, speaking).

1. Questions and tasks can be answered without evidence from the text.
2. Few questions and tasks require students to cite evidence from the text.
3. Many questions and tasks require students to cite evidence from the text.
4. Most questions and tasks require students to cite evidence from the text.

Not Observed.

C. Questions and tasks attend to the words, phrases and sentences within the text.

1. No questions and tasks focus students on the words that matter most and how they are used in the text.
2. Vocabulary questions and tasks rarely focus students on the words that matter most and how they are used in the text.
3. Vocabulary questions and tasks mostly focus students on the words that matter most and how they are used in the text.
4. Vocabulary questions and tasks consistently focus students on the words, phrases, and sentences that matter most and how they are used in the text.

Not Observed.
Core Action 2 (continued)
Employ questions and tasks, both oral and written, that are text specific and reflect the standards.

Indicators

D. Questions are sequenced to build knowledge by guiding students to delve deeper into text and graphics.

1. Questions appear to random and are not sequenced to support building knowledge.
2. Few questions are sequenced to support building knowledge.
3. Some questions are sequenced to support building knowledge.
4. Most questions are sequenced to support building knowledge.

Not Observed.
Core Action 3
Provide all students with opportunities to engage in the work of the lesson.

Indicators

A. The teacher keeps all students persevering with challenging tasks.

Students habitually display persistence with challenging tasks, particularly when providing textual evidence to support answers and responses, both orally and in writing.

B. The teacher encourages reasoning and problem solving by posing challenging questions and tasks that offer opportunities for productive struggle.

Students persevere in solving questions and tasks in the face of initial difficulty.

C. The teacher guides students to read with purpose and understanding by making frequent connections between acquisition of foundational skills and making meaning from reading.

Students demonstrate comprehension while developing foundational skills in reading.

4 The teacher provides consistent opportunities and most students demonstrate this behavior.
3 The teacher provides consistent opportunities and some students demonstrate this behavior.
2 The teacher provides consistent opportunities and few students demonstrate this behavior.
1 The teacher does not provide students opportunity and very few students demonstrate this behavior.

Not Observed.
Core Action 3 (continued)
Provide all students with opportunities to engage in the work of the lesson.

Indicators

D. The **teacher** demonstrates awareness and appropriate action regarding the variations present in student progress toward reading independently.

When appropriate, **students** demonstrate progress toward independence in reading and writing.

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<td>The teacher provides consistent opportunities and few students demonstrate this behavior.</td>
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<td>3</td>
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Not Observed.

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E. The **teacher** focuses on explicitly and systematically strengthening students’ reading foundational skills.

**Students** demonstrate use of language conventions and decoding skills, activating such strategies as needed to read, write, and speak with grade level fluency and skill.

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Not Observed.

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3. Indicator 3E is only applicable during a Foundational Skills lesson.

This tool is for teachers, those providing support to teachers, and all educators working to implement the CCSS for ELA/Literacy – it is not designed for use in evaluation. The guide should be used in conjunction with the CCSS Instructional Practice Guide: Supplement for Reflection Over the Course of the Year. Both tools are available at achievethecore.org/instructional-practice.

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